# **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**

# GRILAMID L 20 G

#### **Product description**

Grilamid L20G is a normal viscosity, heat stabilised polyamide 12 non-reinforced injection moulding grade. This product has very good flow characteristics

- Low moisture absorption
- High dimensional stability
- Good wear and abrasion resistance
- Good UV resistance

Grilamid L20 G is suitable for production of technical parts in the application fields of:

- Electro
- Electronics
- Automotive
- Safety technology
- Mechanical engineering
- Domestic appliances



# PROPERTIES

#### **Mechanical Properties**

		Standard	Unit	State	Grilamid L 20 G natural
Tensile E-Modulus	1 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	cond.	1100
Tensile strength at yield	50 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	cond.	40
Elongation at yield	50 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	cond.	12
Tensile strength at break	50 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	cond.	50
Elongation at break	50 mm/min	ISO 527	%	cond.	> 50
Impact strength	Charpy, 23°C	ISO 179/1eU	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	cond.	> 100
Impact strength	Charpy, -30°C	ISO 179/1eU	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	cond.	> 100
Notched impact strength	Charpy, 23°C	ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	cond.	7
Notched impact strength	Charpy, -30°C	ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	cond.	6
Shore hardness D		ISO 868	-	cond.	70
Thermal Properties					
Melting point	DSC	ISO 11357	°C	dry	178
Heat deflection temperature HDT/A	1.80 MPa	ISO 75	°C	dry	45
Heat deflection temperature HDT/B	0.45 MPa	ISO 75	°C	dry	115
Thermal expansion coefficient long.	23-55°C	ISO 11359	10 <sup>-4</sup> /K	dry	1.2
Thermal expansion coefficient trans.	23-55°C	ISO 11359	10 <sup>-4</sup> /K	dry	1.4
Maximum usage temperature	long term	ISO 2578	°C	dry	90 - 100
Maximum usage temperature	short term	ISO 2578	°C	dry	150
Electrical Properties					
Dielectric strength		IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	cond.	32
Comparative tracking index	СТІ	IEC 60112	-	cond.	600
Specific volume resistivity		IEC 60093	$\Omega\cdot m$	cond.	10 <sup>11</sup>
Specific surface resistivity		IEC 60093	Ω	cond.	10 <sup>12</sup>
General Properties					
Density		ISO 1183	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	dry	1.01
Flammability (UL94)	0.8 mm	ISO 1210	rating	-	HB
Water absorption	23°C/sat.	ISO 62	%	-	1.5
Moisture absorption	23°C/50% r.h.	ISO 62	%	-	0.7
Linear mould shrinkage	long.	ISO 294	%	dry	0.80
Linear mould shrinkage	trans.	ISO 294	%	dry	0.85

# Processing information for the injection moulding of Grilamid L 20 G

This technical data sheet for Grilamid L 20 G provides you with useful information on material preparation, machine requirements, tooling and processing.

## **MATERIAL PREPARATION**

Grilamid L 20 G is delivered dry and ready for processing in sealed, air tight packaging. Predrying is not necessary.

## Storage

Sealed, undamaged bags can be kept over a long period of time in storage facilities which are dry, protected from the influence of weather and where the bags can be protected from damage.

#### Handling and safety

Detailed information can be obtained from the "Material Safety Data Sheet" (MSDS) which can be requested with every material order.

## Drying

Grilamid L 20 G is dried and packed with a moisture content of less than 0.10 %. Should the packaging become damaged or the material is left open too long, then the material must be dried. A too high moisture content can be shown by a foaming melt and silver streaks on the moulded part when injected freely into the atmosphere (free shot).

The drying can be done as follows:

#### Desiccant dryer

Temperature:	max. 80°C
Time:	4 - 12 hours
Dew point of the dryer:	-25°C

Г	Vacuum	oven
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Temperature:	max. 100 °C	
Time:	4 - 12 hours	

## Drying time

If there is only little evidence of foaming of the melt or just slight silver streaks on the part, then the above mentioned minimal drying time will be sufficient. Material, which is stored open over days, which shows strong foaming, unusually easy flowing, streaks and rough surface on the moulding part, then the maximal drying time is required.



Silver streaks can also be caused by overheating of the material or by too long melt residence time in the barrel.

#### Drying temperature

Polyamides are subjected to the affects of oxidation at temperatures above 80°C in the presence of oxygen. Visible yellowing of the material is an indication of oxidation. Hence temperatures above 80°C for desiccant dryers and temperatures above 100°C for vacuum ovens should be avoided. In order to detect oxidation it is advised to keep a small amount of granulate (light colour only !) as a comparison sample.

At longer residence times (over 1 hour) hopper heating or a hopper dryer (80°C) is useful.

## Use of regrind

Grilamid L 20 G is a thermoplastic material. Hence, incomplete mouldings as well as sprues and runners can be reprocessed. The following points should be observed:

- Moisture absorption
- Grinding: Dust particles and particle size distribution
- Contamination through foreign material, dust, oil, etc.
- Quantity addition to original material
- Colour variation
- Reduction of mechanical properties

When adding regrind, special care has to be taken by the moulder.

# MACHINE REQUIREMENTS

Grilamid L 20 G can be processed economically and problem-free on all machines suitable for polyamides.

#### Screw

Wear protected, universal screws with shut-off nozzles are recommended (3 zones).

Screw	
Length:	18 D - 22 D
Compression ratio:	2 - 2.5

## Shot volume

The metering stroke must be longer than the length of the back flow valve (without decompression distance).

Selecting the injection unit

Shot volume = 0.5 - 0.8 x (max. shot volume)

## Heating

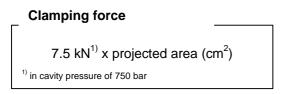
At least three separately controllable heating zones, able of reaching cylinder temperatures up to 300°C. A separate nozzle heating is necessary. The cylinder flange temperature must be controllable (cooling).

## Nozzle

Open nozzles are simple, allow an easy melt flow and are long lasting. There is however the danger that during retraction of the screws following injection of the melt, air maybe drawn into the barrel (decompression). For this reason, needle shut-off nozzles are often used.

## **Clamping force**

As a rule of thumb the clamping force can be estimated using the following formula:



## TOOLING

The design of the mould tool should follow the general rules for thermoplastics.

For the mould cavities common mould tool steel quality (e.g. hardened steel) which has been hardened to level of 54 HRC is necessary.

#### Gate and runner

To achieve an optimal mould-fill and to avoid sink marks, a central gate at the thickest section of the moulding is recommended. Pin point gate (direct) or tunnel gates are more economical and more common with technical moulding.

To avoid premature solidification of the melt and difficult mould filing, the following points should be considered:

#### Gate diameter

0.8 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part

#### Runner diameter

1.4 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part (but minimum 4 mm)

# VENTING

In order to prevent burning marks and improve weldline strength, proper venting of the mould cavity should be provided (venting channels on the parting surface dimensions: Depth 0.02 mm, width 2 - 5 mm).

# PROCESSING

#### Mould filling, post pressure and dosing

The best surface finish and a high weld line strength is achieved with a high injection speed and when a sufficiently long post pressure is employed.

The injection speed should be regulated so as to reduce towards the end of the filling cycle in order to avoid burning. For dosing at low screw revolutions and pressure the cooling time should be fully utilised.

## **Basic machine settings**

In order to start up the machines for processing Grilamid L 20 G, following basic settings can be recommended:

Temperatures	
Flange	40°C
Zone 1	220°C
Zone 2	225°C
Zone 3	230°C
Nozzle	230°C
Tool	40°C
Melt	250°C

#### **Pressures / Speeds**

medium
- 800 bar
- 15 bar
100 min <sup>-1</sup>

# **CUSTOMER SERVICES**

EMS-GRIVORY is a specialist for polyamide synthesis and polyamide-processing. Our customer services are not only concerned with the manufacturing and supply of engineering thermoplastics but also provide a full of technical support program:

- Rheological design calculation / FEA
- Prototype tooling
- Material selection
- Processing support
- Mould and component design

We are happy to advice you. Simply call one of our sales offices.

The recommendations and data given are based on our experience to date, however, no liability can be assumed in connection with their usage and processing.

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